



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

RockBridge Resources Inc.
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the year ended September 30, 2013
(all figures in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated)

Management discussion and analysis (“MD&A”)
(To be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes)

Forward-looking Statements

The following Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes included in this report. Certain statements contained in this MD&A constitute forward-looking statements. The use of any of the words "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "may", "will", "project", "should", "believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The Company believes the expectations reflected in those forward-looking statements are reasonable but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct and such forward-looking statements included in this MD&A should not be unduly relied upon. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this MD&A and subject to the requirements of applicable securities legislation, the Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise.

In particular, this MD&A may contain forward-looking statements pertaining to the following:

- oil and natural gas production levels;
- mineral explorations;
- capital expenditure programs;
- the quantity of oil and natural gas reserves;
- projections of market prices and costs;
- supply and demand for oil and natural gas;
- expectations regarding the ability to raise capital and to continually add to reserves through acquisitions, exploration and development; and
- Treatment under governmental and other regulatory regimes.

The actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of the risk factors set forth below and elsewhere in this MD&A:

- liabilities inherent in oil and natural gas operations;
- liabilities inherent in mineral explorations;
- volatility in market prices for oil and natural gas;
- uncertainties associated with estimating oil and natural gas reserves;
- competition for, among other things, capital, acquisitions of reserves, undeveloped lands and skilled personnel;
- incorrect assessments of the value of acquisitions;
- geological, technical, drilling and processing problems;

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- fluctuations in foreign exchange or interest rates and stock market volatility; and
 - actions by governmental or regulatory authorities;
- These factors should not be considered exhaustive.

1.1 Date

January 28, 2014

1.2 Overall Performance

Description of Business

RockBridge Energy Inc. was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) on November 20, 2007. RockBridge Energy Inc. subsequently changed its name to RockBridge Resources Inc. on April 6, 2010.

It's wholly owned subsidiaries, RockBridge Energy Alberta Inc. was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) on May 27, 2008.

Effective October 1, 2011 the Corporation adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") with a transition date of October 1, 2010. In 2010, the CICA Handbook was revised to incorporate IFRS, and require publically accountable enterprises to apply IFRS standards effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Accordingly, the Corporation has commenced reporting on this basis and in this MD&A, the term "Canadian GAAP" refers to Canadian GAAP before the adoption of IFRS. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the audited Canadian GAAP financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 and the audited financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011. All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless indicated otherwise.

The principal business carried on and intended to be carried on by the Company is the acquisition and development of oil and natural gas properties.

Oil and Gas Properties Update

In February 2012, the Company entered into 2 well completion agreements with Crimson Energy Ltd. of Calgary. The first project was with respect to Crimson's 100% working interest in a Violet Grove area gas property, in which RockBridge acquired 50% and was to pay 100% of the costs, to frac, test and equip the existing well and tie it in to the gas gathering system servicing sweet gas production in the area. The well completion work was not done and the leases for the property expired in September 2012 resulting in the company having no further interest in the property.

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The second project was the acquisition of Crimson's four sections in the Knopcik area. The joint venture projects include Crimson's 100% working interest in a Knopcik area gas property, in which RockBridge, has acquired 50%, and is to pay 100% of certain costs to frac, test and equip the existing well and tie it in to the gas gathering system servicing sweet gas production in the area.

As at September 30, 2012, the available for sale asset consisted solely of the Pembina oil & gas properties, which included the land, leases, wells and petroleum and natural gas rights. Effective October 1, 2012 the company sold the Pembina oil and gas property asset to Spartan Oil Corp. for \$625,000 subject to adjustments. This sale closed on October 30, 2012 with an effective date of October 1, 2012.

On July 9, 2013, the Company acquired certain assets of Avatar Energy Ltd of Calgary effective April 1, 2013. The acquisition included working interests from 25% to 95% in 5 wells producing a net of approximately 36 BOEPD, weighted 35% to crude oil and natural gas liquids and 65% to natural gas. The purchase also included one gas property with a shut in well awaiting tie in. As a condition to the acquisition, the receiver required that RockBridge also acquire and take responsibility for a further 8 abandoned wells and their reclamation.

Overall performance

Overall, the Company's performance increased for the year ended September 30, 2013 compared to 2012 as the company increased operating revenue and increased operating costs.

For the year ended September 30, 2013, cash decreased by \$63,628 as a result of Investing activities. Operating revenue increased by \$92,446 or 32.10% for the period. Revenues were \$380,473 compared to \$288,027 for the year ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012, respectively.

Revenues have increased due to the addition of the new oil wells from the Avatar asset purchase effective April 1, 2013. Operating expenses increased also as a result of this purchase.

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1.3 Selected Annual Information

The following financial data, are selected information for the Company for the three most recent years.

	IFRS September 2013	IFRS September 2012	IFRS September 2011
Total revenue	\$ 380,473	\$ 288,027	\$ 242,697
Net comprehensive gain (loss)	\$ 40,039	\$ (203,261)	\$ (1,043,377)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.03)
Total assets	\$ 837,414	\$ 1,776,041	\$ 1,176,670
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 136,479	\$ 832,866	\$ 687,248
Cash dividends declared per share for each class of share	\$ Nil	\$ Nil	\$ Nil

In Fiscal 2013, Total Assets decreased from Fiscal 2012 as the company completed the sale of the Pembina oil and gas property asset to Spartan Oil Corp. In Fiscal 2013, Total Long Term Liabilities also decreased from Fiscal 2012 as the company used the proceeds from the Pembina asset sales to redeem a portion of the Convertible debentures and Long Term Debt.

1.4 Results of Operations

The Company earns its revenues through the sale of oil and gas through third party operators. Operations are contracted out through management and consultants agreements. Revenue are higher as the company has acquired additional oil and gas wells in July 2013.

Expenses

For the year ended September 30, 2013 general and administrative expenses totaled \$271,539 for 2013 and \$527,813 in 2012. Operating expenses for the year ended September 30, 2013 totaled \$179,432 and \$160,536 in 2012. Depletion totaling \$12,000 for the year ended September 30, 2013 and \$66,675 in 2012 was incurred for the operation of the wells. Operating expenses are

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higher due to the addition of the Avatar asset oil and gas oil wells.

Use of Proceeds from Financing- September 30, 2012

	Actual	Estimated
Horizontal Drilling	\$530,649	\$536,000
Working Capital	<u>117,151</u>	<u>111,800</u>
Total Proceeds	<u>\$647,800</u>	<u>\$647,800</u>

The drilling campaign completed on schedule and on budget. Unfortunately, the results from the campaign were not successful in meeting desired production targets.

Income taxes

The Company has available a non-capital loss of \$2,655,000 which may be carried forward to reduce taxable income in future years. The non-capital loss expires as follows:

<u>Expiry Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2028	\$ 258,000
2029	\$ 522,000
2030	\$ 559,000
2031	\$ 502,000
2032	\$ 511,000
2033	\$ 303,000

1.5 Summary of Quarterly Results

	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS
	30-Sep-13	30-Jun-13	31-Mar-13	30-Dec-12	30-Sep-12	30-Jun-12	31-Mar-12	31-Dec-11
Total Revenue	\$ 279,470	\$ 50,404	\$ 24,536	\$ 26,063	\$ 71,067	\$ 53,795	\$ 82,234	\$ 80,931
Net Comprehensive Gain(Loss)	250,404	(84,517)	(46,471)	(79,377)	190,220	(98,217)	(135,101)	(160,165)
Basic and diluted Earning (loss) per share	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.01)
Total Assets	\$ 837,414	\$ 752,741	\$ 751,889	\$ 841,002	\$1,776,041	\$1,225,458	\$1,132,285	\$1,228,406
Total long-term liabilities	\$ (234,927)	\$ (280,247)	\$ (295,247)	\$ (295,247)	\$ (832,866)	\$ (767,248)	\$ (687,248)	\$ (687,248)
Cash dividends declared per share for each class of share	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

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1.6 Liquidity

For the year ended September 30, 2013, the Company experienced a net decrease in cash of \$63,628 from the operation of wells, investing and financing activities and expenses. \$643,696 was raised from the sale of the Pembina wells. The Company will require additional financing in order to conduct its planned work programs on petroleum and natural gas properties, meet its ongoing levels of corporate overhead and discharge its liabilities as they come due. While the Company has been successful in securing financings in the past, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. Sources of financing will come from future share issuances.

1.7 Capital Resources Update

During the year the company was not successful in raising additional capital as the markets were not receptive to such an offering.

The Company has no commitments for capital expenditures. All properties are in good standing and operational expenses maintain the properties.

1.8 Off-balance sheet arrangements

None

1.9 Related Party Transactions

Key Management Personnel Compensation

During the year, the Company incurred the following charged by directors and/or officers of the Company and private companies controlled by directors and/or officers of the Company:

	2013	2012
Accounting fees	\$ 15,518	\$ 18,467
Directors' fees	4,000	5,000
Interest expense	5,609	21,845
Management fee	68,316	72,578
Office expenses	7,403	10,699
Travel expenses	2,206	9,958
Share-based compensation	-	773
	<u>\$ 103,052</u>	<u>\$ 139,320</u>

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These expenditures occurred in the normal course of business operations and were measured by the exchange amount which is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties.

Quay Property Management Corp is a company controlled by an officer that provides accounting, management and office services to Rockbridge Resources Inc.

Sash Management Ltd. is a company controlled by a director that provides management services to Rockbridge Resources Inc.

Thompson Properties Ltd. is a company controlled by a director and an officer. It currently holds a \$40,625 12% per annum convertible debenture with Rockbridge Resources Inc.

OMJ Land Services Ltd. is a company controlled by a director that provides management services to Rockbridge Resources Inc.

Planval Resources Ltd, is a company controlled by a director and officer that provides management services to Rockbridge Resources inc.

At September 30, 2013, accounts payable and accrued liabilities includes \$11,897 (2012: \$85,696) payable to a director and a company controlled by a director of the Company

1.10 Fourth Quarter

For the quarter ended September 30, 2013, Oil & Gas Revenue was \$279,470 (2012 \$71,067). Operating expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 were \$118,053 and \$35,432 in the comparable period in 2012.

1.11 Proposed Transactions

None

1.12 Critical Accounting Estimates

RockBridge Resources Inc. makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

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The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

i) Decommissioning Liabilities

Decommissioning liabilities have been created based on Rockbridge Resources Inc.'s internal estimates. Assumptions, based on the current economic environment, have been made which management believes are a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the future liability. These estimates take into account any material changes to the assumptions that occur when reviewed regularly by management. Estimates are reviewed annually and are based on current regulatory requirements. Significant changes in estimates of contamination, restoration standards and techniques will result in changes to provisions from period to period. Actual decommissioning costs will ultimately depend on future market prices for the decommissioning costs which will reflect the market condition at the time of the decommissioning costs are actually incurred. The final cost of the currently recognized decommissioning liabilities may be higher or lower than currently provided for.

A credit-adjusted risk-free rate of 5% was used to calculate the fair value of the decommissioning liabilities.

ii) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the profit or loss in the period the new information becomes available.

iii) Income Taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognizes liabilities and contingencies for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Company's current understanding of the tax law. For matters where it is probable that an adjustment will be made, the Company records its best estimate of the tax liability including the related interest and penalties in the current tax provision. Management believes they have adequately provided for the probable outcome of

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these matters however, the final outcome may result in a materially different outcome than the amount included in the tax liabilities.

In addition, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets relating to tax losses carried forward to the extent there are sufficient taxable temporary differences (deferred tax liabilities) relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity against which the unused tax losses can be utilized. However, utilization of the tax losses also depends on the ability of the taxable entity to satisfy certain tests at the time the losses are recouped.

iv) Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 10 of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

1.13 Changes in Accounting Policies including Initial Adoption

We have reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective. We have not early adopted any of these standards and are currently evaluating the impact, if any, that these standards might have on our financial statements.

Accounting Standards Issued and Effective January 1, 2013

IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* establishes principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more other entities.

IFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements* establishes the core principle that a party to a joint arrangement determines the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved by assessing its rights and obligations and accounts for those rights and obligations in accordance with that type of joint arrangement.

IFRS 12 *Disclosure of Involvement with Other Entities* requires the disclosure of information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate the nature of, and risks associated with, its interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement* defines fair value, sets out in a single IFRS framework for

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measuring fair value and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. IFRS 13 applies when another IFRS requires or permits fair value measurements or disclosures about fair value measurements (and measurements, such as fair value less costs to sell, based on fair value or disclosures about those measurements), except for: share-based payment transactions within the scope of IFRS 2 Share-based Payment; leasing transactions within the scope of IAS 17 Leases; measurements that have some similarities to fair value but that are not fair value, such as net realizable value in IAS 2 Inventories or value in use in IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

IAS 27 *Separate Financial Statements* has the objective of setting standards to be applied in accounting for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates when an entity elects, or is required by local regulations, to present separate (non-consolidated) financial statements.

IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* prescribes the accounting for investments in associates and sets out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. IAS 28 applies to all entities that are investors with joint control of, or significant influence over, an investee (associate or joint venture).

Accounting Standards Issued and Effective January 1, 2015

IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* replaces the current standard IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, replacing the current classification and measurement criteria for financial assets and liabilities with only two classification categories: amortized cost and fair value.

1.14 Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalent, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and advances payable as reflected in the balance sheet, approximate their respective fair values because of the demand or short-term maturity of these instruments.

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of bank deposits, and accounts receivable. Cash and investments are deposited with high credit quality financial institutions. Accounts receivable consist of amounts receivable from a related party. The Company does not require collateral or other securities to support accounts receivable. The Company has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts.

1.15 Other MDA Requirements

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

a) Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value

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b) Issued:

	<u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Contributed Surplus</u>
Balance, September 30, 2011	<u>36,754,999</u>	<u>\$4,757,078</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,249</u>
Flow through shares issued for Cash	10,720,000	536,000	-
Non Flow through shares issued for Cash	2,236,000	111,800	-
Share issue for debt	1,862,657	93,133	-
Share issue costs	-	(35,480)	-
Non cash share issue cost (Agent Warrants)	-	(13,992)	13,992
Stock based compensation	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>773</u>
Balance, September 30, 2012	<u>51,573,656</u>	<u>\$5,448,539</u>	<u>\$ 1,389,014</u>
Flow through shares issued for Cash	-	-	-
Non Flow through shares issued for Cash	-	-	-
Share issue for debt	-	-	-
Share issue costs	-	-	-
Non cash share issue cost (Agent Warrants)	-	-	-
Stock based compensation	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Balance, September 30, 2013	<u>51,573,656</u>	<u>\$5,448,539</u>	<u>\$ 1,389,014</u>

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Share Purchase Warrants

As at September 30, 2013, the Company had 13,295,600 share purchase warrants outstanding. Each warrant entitles the holder the right to purchase one common as follow:

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
5,000,000	\$0.16	February 1, 2015
2,710,000	\$0.15	December 29, 2013
160,000	\$0.15	December 29, 2013
2,350,000	\$0.15	June 29, 2014
116,000	\$0.15	June 29, 2014
1,926,000	\$0.15	July 20, 2014
362,600	\$0.15	July 20, 2014
610,000	\$0.15	August 16, 2014
<u>61,000</u>	\$0.15	August 16, 2014
<u>13,295,600</u>		

Share Purchase Options

On November 16, 2009 the TSX Venture Exchange, approved an amendment to the February 28, 2008 Share Option plan agreement revising the option price from \$0.25 per common share to \$0.10 per common share. Additional information may be found on SEDAR.

Information regarding the Company's outstanding share purchase options is summarized below:

	Outstanding #	Weighted Average Price (\$)
September 30, 2011	1,720,000	0.13
Expired/Forfeited	(300,000)	0.14
September 30, 2012	1,420,000	0.14
Expired/Forfeited	(970,000)	0.14
September 30, 2013	450,000	0.14

The weighted average contractual life remaining of all stock options is 2.11 years (2012: 1.88 years).

As of September 30, 2013, the number of exercisable options are 450,000 (2012: 1,420,000).

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As at September 30, 2013, the following options were outstanding and exercisable:

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exercise Price</u>	<u>Expiry Date</u>
150,000	\$0.14	May 26, 2015
300,000	\$0.14	January 30, 2016
<u>450,000</u>		

Escrow Shares:

As at September 30, 2013, no common shares issued are held in escrow, subject to the escrow restriction as required by National Policy 46-201 “Escrow for Initial Public Offering” for emerging issuers.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without significant Revenue

During the year ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, our company incurred expenses including the following:

	2013	2012
Depletion	\$ 12,000	\$ 66,675
General & administrative costs	\$ 271,539	\$ 527,813
(Reversal) Impairment on Oil & Gas properties	\$(196,221)	\$(391,486)

Risks and Uncertainties

Dilution - There are a number of outstanding securities and agreements pursuant to which common shares of the Corporation may be issued in the future. This will result in further dilution to the Corporation’s shareholders.

Business Risks – Exploration and production for oil and gas is very capital intensive. As a result, the Corporation relies on equity markets as a source of new capital. Funds from operation also

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are a source for funding capital expenditures. Equity and debt capital are subject to market conditions and availability may increase or decrease from time to time. Operating funds also fluctuate with changing commodity prices.

Environmental Risks - The oil and natural gas industry is subject to provincial and federal environmental regulations. Such legislation provides for restrictions and prohibitions on the release or emission of various substances produced in association with certain oil and natural gas operations. In addition, such legislation requires that well and facility sites are abandoned and reclaimed to the satisfaction of provincial authorities. Compliance with such legislation can require significant expenditures and breach of such requirements may result in the suspension or revocation of necessary licenses and authorizations, civil liability for pollution damage, and the imposition of material fines and penalties

Our directors and officers are involved in other business activities. As a result of their other business endeavours, our directors and officers will exercise their fiduciary duties and duty of care but nonetheless may not be able to devote sufficient time to our business affairs, which may negatively affect our ability to conduct our ongoing operations and our ability to generate revenues. In addition, the management of our company may be periodically interrupted or delayed as a result of our officers' other business interests.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR COMMON STOCK

A decline in the price of our common stock could affect our ability to raise further working capital and adversely impact our ability to continue operations.

A prolonged decline in the price of our common stock could result in a reduction in the liquidity of our common stock and a reduction in our ability to raise capital. Because a significant portion of our operations have been and will be financed through the continued sale of equity securities, a decline in the price of our common stock could be especially detrimental to our liquidity and our operations. Such reductions may force us to reallocate funds from other planned uses and may have a significant negative effect on our business plan and operations, including our ability to continue our current operations. If our stock price declines, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to raise additional capital or generate funds from operations sufficient to meet our obligations. If we are unable to raise sufficient capital in the future, we may not be able to have the resources to continue our normal operations or become insolvent. The market price for our common stock may also be affected by our ability to meet or exceed expectations of analysts or investors. Any failure to meet these expectations, even if minor, may have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock and our operations as a result.

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MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Information provided in this MD&A, and in the accompanying financial statements, is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of this MD&A and the financial statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future value for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

1.16 Subsequent Events

- a) On October 23, 2013, the Company consolidated its share capital on a 4 old for 1 new basis.
- b) On October 25, 2013, the Company issued 3,100,000 units at \$0.05 per unit to Westlake Capital Ltd. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable for one year at \$0.10 per share, all on a post consolidation basis. These units form part of Westlake's Qualifying Transaction pursuant to the capital pool company policy of the Exchange and were distributed to the Westlake shareholders. Westlake was delisted from the Exchange and dissolved. Any RockBridge Units distributed to the shareholders of Westlake who are currently holding their shares of Westlake in escrow, will continue to be held in escrow. All the Units distributed to Westlake's shareholders are subject to a statutory four month hold period.

The Westlake Private Placement and Westlake's Qualifying Transaction are non-arm's length transactions for the purposes of the Exchange as the parties have 2 common directors and officers, being Steve Mathiesen, a director and the CEO of both Westlake and RockBridge, and Gary Mathiesen, a director of Westlake and the CFO of both Westlake and RockBridge.

- c) On December 18, 2013, the Company issued 1,125,000 stock options at \$0.07 per share exercisable until September 30, 2018.